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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/057,414	01/25/2002	John F. Shanley	032304-040	9725
7:	590 06/21/2004		EXAM	INER
CINDY A. LYNCH CONOR MEDSYSTEMS			THALER, MICHAEL H	
1003 HAMILTON COURT			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MENLO PARK, CA 94025			3731	

DATE MAILED: 06/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/057,414	SHANLEY, JOHN F.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael Thaler	3731				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE!	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 M	arch 2004.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	•					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>48-53,55,64-73 and 85-101</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 48-53,55,64-73 and 85-101 is/are reje	Claim(s) <u>48-53,55,64-73 and 85-101</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	· · · — ·					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document)-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-158)						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						

Art Unit: 3731

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on March 30, 2004 has been entered.

Claims 48-53, 55, 64-73, 85-101 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 48, line 7, "having a hinge width" (singular) is confusing since the hinge is tapered and thus has many widths depending on where the width is measured. Thus, "the hinge width is smaller than the beam width" in line 8 is indefinite since it is unclear which hinge width (at the distal end, proximal end or at some other point along the length of the hinge) is referred to. Claim 85 is indefinite for the same reasons.

Claims 48-52, 55, 64, 65, 68, 73, 85-89, 91-93, 96 and 101 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Fischell et al. (2004/0102836). Fischell et al., in figure 9, disclose

Application/Control Number: 10/057,414

Art Unit: 3731

Page 3

beams 39, hinges 37, wherein the hinge width is smaller than the beam width (as seen in the figure), wherein the hinges each have a tapered portion such that an end of the hinge closer to an apex has a width which is greater than a width of the hinge at an opposite end (lines 9-11 of [0081] and lines 5-8 of [0068]), and the tapered portion has a length longer than a non-tapered portion of the hinge (The non-tapered portion of the hinge is located where hinge 37 merges with beam 39.). Alternatively, it would have been obvious that the hinge width is smaller than the beam width (at least slightly) since figure 9 shows this. As to claim 51, the Fischell et al. hinges inherently experience deformation below their elastic limit until the deformation is great enough to result in deformation above their elastic limit. As to claim 55, the Fischell et al. hinge width, length and are inherently adjusted (i.e. chosen, when is taper manufactured) such that they inherently achieve a particular value of maximum strain along the hinge (which is chosen by the designer of the device). As to claim 68, the patentability of an apparatus does not depend upon it's method of manufacture. As to claim 73, Fischell et al. disclose a polymer in [0025] and [0089].

Claims 53 and 90 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischell et al. (2004/0102836) in view

Art Unit: 3731

of Drasler et al. (6,451,051). Fischell et al. fail to disclose a structure adjacent the hinges which experiences two degrees of freedom of motion during expansion. However, Drasler et al. teach that a stent should include a structure 250 adjacent the hinge (col. 45, lines 1-3) which experiences two degrees of freedom of motion during expansion (1, the pivoting of barb 250 from the position shown in figure 11B to the position shown in figure 11D wherein the pivot point is near node 365 and 2, the straightening of the barb along its entire length from the curved configuration shown in figure 11B to a straight configuration as shown in figure 11D as it pivots as indicated This arrangement has the advantage of better securing above). the stent in place in the body due to the barb. It would have been obvious to include such a barb on the Fischell et al. stent so that it too would have this advantage.

Claims 66, 67, 70, 71, 94, 95, 98 and 99 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischell et al. (2004/0102836). As to claims 66, 67, 94 and 95, Fischell et al. fail to disclose teeth and a pawl. However, it is old and well known in this art to include disclose teeth and a pawl on a stent in order to insure that it remains expanded. It would have been obvious to include teeth and a pawl on the Fischell et al. stent so that it too would have this advantage. As to

Art Unit: 3731

claims 70, 71, 98 and 99, Fischell et al. fail to disclose the amount of recoil claimed. However, it is old and well known in this art to construct stents with low recoil in order to insure that the blood vessel remains expanded. It would have been obvious to construct the Fischell et al. stent with low recoil so that it too would have this advantage. The above well known in the art statements are taken to be admitted prior art because applicant failed to traverse the examiner's assertions (M.P.E.P. 2144.03).

Claims 69, 72, 97 and 100 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischell et al. (2004/0102836) in view of Harish et al. (6,506,437). As to claims 69 and 79, Fischell et al. fail to disclose apertures which receive the beneficial agent (the drugs described in [0025]. However, Harish et al. teach that a stent should include apertures to the beneficial agent disposed therein so that beneficial agent can be reliably applied to the body. It would have been obvious to include apertures in the Fischell et al. stent so that it too would have this advantage. As to claims 72 and 100, Fischell et al. fail to disclose the biodegradable However, Harish et al. teach that part of the stent material. should be bioabsorbable in order to aid in delivering drugs to the body while preventing adverse local response (col. 5, lines

Page 6 Application/Control Number: 10/057,414

Art Unit: 3731

18-49). It would have been obvious to include biodegradable material in the Fischell et al. stent so that it too would have this advantage.

Applicant's arguments filed March 30, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for the reasons set forth above.

inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Thaler whose telephone number is (703) 308-2981. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0858.

mht 6/16/04 MICHAEL THALER PRIMARY EXAMINER

ART UNIT 3731